

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF OHIO
EASTERN DIVISION**

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff,

v.

Case No. 2:16-cr-208

Judge James L. Graham

Magistrate Judge Kimberly A. Jolson

Charles A. Granberry,

Defendant.

REPORT AND RECOMMENDATION

The United States of America and Defendant Charles A. Granberry entered into a plea agreement whereby Defendant agreed to enter a plea of guilty to Count I of the Information, which charges him with violating 18 U.S.C. § 371; and Count II of the Information, which charges him with violating 18 U.S.C. §§ 922(g) and 924(a). (Doc. 2). In addition, the Information includes one forfeiture count pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 924(d)(1). (*Id.*) As part of the plea agreement, Defendant also agreed not to contest the forfeiture count of the Information. (Doc. 3 at ¶ 13).

On November 2, 2016, at 10:00 a.m., Defendant, accompanied by his counsel, appeared for an Arraignment on Information. Defendant consented, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §636(b)(3), to enter a guilty plea before a Magistrate Judge. *See United States v. Cukaj*, 25 F. App'x 290, 291 (6th Cir. 2001) (holding that a magistrate judge may accept a guilty plea with the express consent of the Defendant and where no objection to the report and recommendation is filed). In addition, Defendant, after being advised of the nature of the charge and of his rights in open court, waived his right to an indictment. *See Fed. R. Crim. P. 7(b)*.

During the plea proceeding, the undersigned observed the appearance and responsiveness of Defendant in answering questions. Based on those observations, the undersigned is satisfied that, at the time he entered his guilty plea, Defendant was in full possession of his faculties, was not suffering from any apparent physical or mental illness, and was not under the influence of narcotics or alcohol.

Prior to accepting Defendant's plea, the undersigned addressed Defendant personally and in open court and determined his competence to plead. Based on the undersigned's observations, Defendant understands the nature and meaning of the charges in the Information and the consequences of his guilty pleas to Counts I and II of the Information. Defendant was also addressed personally in open court and advised of each of the rights referred to in Rule 11 of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.

Having engaged in the colloquy required by Rule 11, the Court concludes that Defendant's plea is voluntary. Defendant acknowledged that the plea agreement signed by him, his attorney and the attorney for the United States and filed on October 17, 2016, represents the only promises made by anyone regarding the charge in the Information. Defendant was advised that the District Judge may accept or reject the plea agreement and that, even if the Court refuses to accept any provision of the plea agreement not binding on the Court, Defendant may nevertheless not withdraw his guilty plea.

Defendant confirmed the accuracy of the material aspects of the statement of facts supporting the charge. He confirmed that he is pleading guilty to Count I and Count II of the Information because he is in fact guilty of the offenses charged in the Information. The Court concludes that there is a factual basis for the plea.

The Court concludes that Defendant's plea of guilty to Counts I and II of the Information is knowingly and voluntarily made with understanding of the nature and meaning of the charge and of the consequences of the plea.

It is therefore **RECOMMENDED** that Defendant's guilty plea to Counts I and II of the Information be accepted. Decision on acceptance or rejection of the plea agreement was deferred for consideration by the District Judge after the preparation of a presentence investigation report.

In accordance with S.D. Ohio Crim. R. 32.1, and as expressly agreed to by Defendant through counsel, a written presentence investigation report will be prepared by the United States Probation Office. Defendant will be asked to provide information, and Defendant's attorney may be present if Defendant so wishes. Objections to the presentence report must be made in accordance with the rules of this Court.

If any party seeks review by the District Judge of this Report and Recommendation, that party may, within fourteen (14) days, file and serve on all parties objections to the Report and Recommendation, specifically designating this Report and Recommendation, and the part thereof in question, as well as the basis for objection thereto. 28 U.S.C. §636(b)(1); Fed. R. Civ. P. 72(b). Response to objections must be filed within fourteen (14) days after being served with a copy thereof. Fed. R. Civ. P. 72(b).

The parties are specifically advised that failure to object to the Report and Recommendation will result in a waiver of the right to de novo review by the District Judge and of the right to appeal the decision of the District Court adopting the Report and Recommendation. *See Thomas v. Arn*, 474 U.S. 140 (1985); *Smith v. Detroit Federation of*

Teachers, Local 231 etc., 829 F.2d 1370 (6th Cir. 1987); *United States v. Walters*, 638 F.2d 947 (6th Cir. 1981).

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Date: November 2, 2016

/s/ Kimberly A. Jolson
KIMBERLY A. JOLSON
UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE